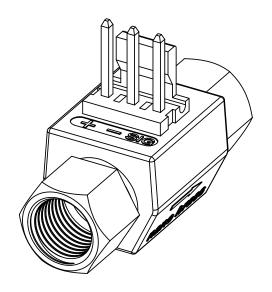
DATA SHEET





nano brass

Part number: 9NB-01xx/03x

Digmesa AG, Keltenstrasse 31, CH—2563 Ipsach / Switzerland
Phone +41 (32) 332 77 77, Fax +41 (32) 332 77 88

www.digmesa.com Version 04 Nano Brass FHC #9NB-01x/03x GB Seite 1-7

General Description

The Flow Sensor nano brass is a general-purpose device. It is employed for measuring, regulating or metering and guarantees most precise measurement of fluid quantities. In addition, a pulse generator integrated into the flowmeter guarantees a practically unlimited useful life.

Specific applications: Straight flow path, compact design.

Approvals / Standards

EN55014-1:00+A1:01+A2:02, EN61000-6-3:01+A11:04, IEC61000-6-3:06(ed.2.0), EN61000-3-2:06, IEC61000-3-2:05(ed.3.0), EN61000-3-3:95+A1:01+A2:05, IEC61000-3-3:94+A1:01+A2:05(cons.ed 1.2), EN55014-2:97+A1:01, EN61000-6-1:01, IEC61000-6-1:05(ed.2), LFGB (EU 1935/2004, EU10/2011)

Materials (wetted)

Housing: Lead free brass (CW510L)

Bearing : PEEK
Nozzle: PEEK
Turbine: PVDF

Magnete: Ceramic Sr Fe O

(in contact with medium)

Technical data:

Linear range: from 0.035 - 0.70 l/min de-

pending on the nozzle size

Durability: min. 100'000 liters at max. flow (page 5-7)

Measuring accuracy: \pm /- 2.0% *

Temperature range: $+0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$ 32°F to 212°F

001 .0006

Pressure range: 20 bar at 20°C

290 psi /68°F

Mounting position: freely selectable

Nozzle size: \emptyset 1.0mm, 1.2mm, 1.4mm

* Accuracy in the linear range for individually calibrated

Electrical connection ratings:

Power supply: +2.8 to +24 VDC

Consumption: <8 mA

Signal connection: Open collector, NPN

Signal voltage: 0 VDC GND

(saturation < 0.7 V)

Signal load: max. 20 mA Leakage current: max. 10 μ A

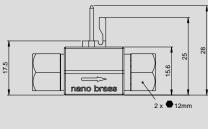
Connections: PANCON MAS-CON

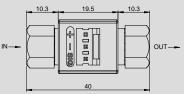
156 MLSS

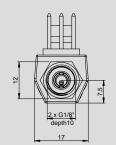
Signal: Square-wave output

Duty Cycle: ~50%

Dimensions in mm:







RESISTANCE

Special regulations which must be complied with by the flow sensor manufacturer apply to each country, e.g. CE, NSF, FDA and SK. The various media flowing through the flow sensor differ from application to application. You are advised to enquire with the medium manufacturer as to whether the entire installation and the flow sensor are resistant to the medium itself (see Material)!

ELECTRONIC

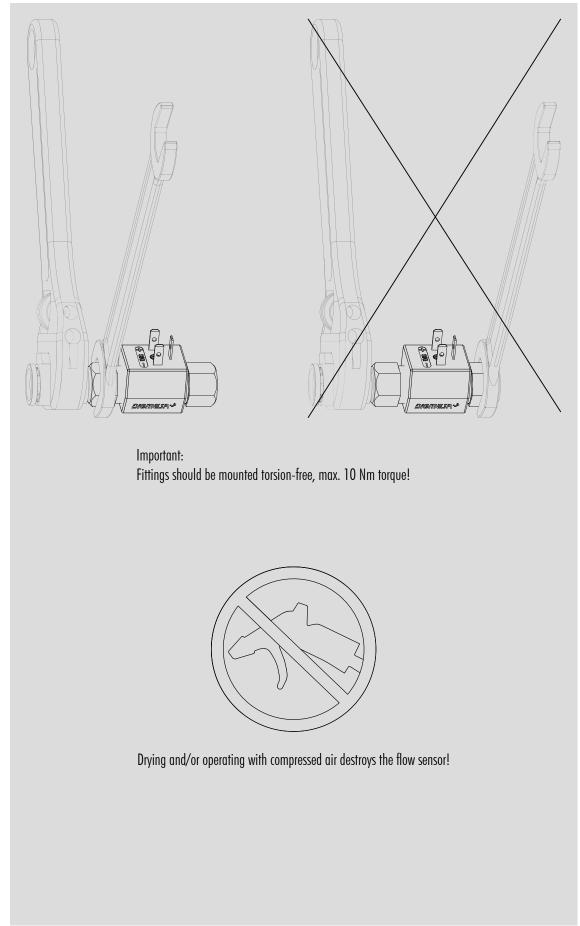
DIGMESA electronic circuitry is always designed for operation with DIGMESA flow sensors. Please note the following if connecting to other electronic circuitry:

- The flow sensor does not supply an output voltage but switches the signal terminal to 0 V ground (actuated) or leaves it open (nonactuated)
- There must be a pull-up resistor between power supply + and signal depending on electronic circuitry!

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We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress

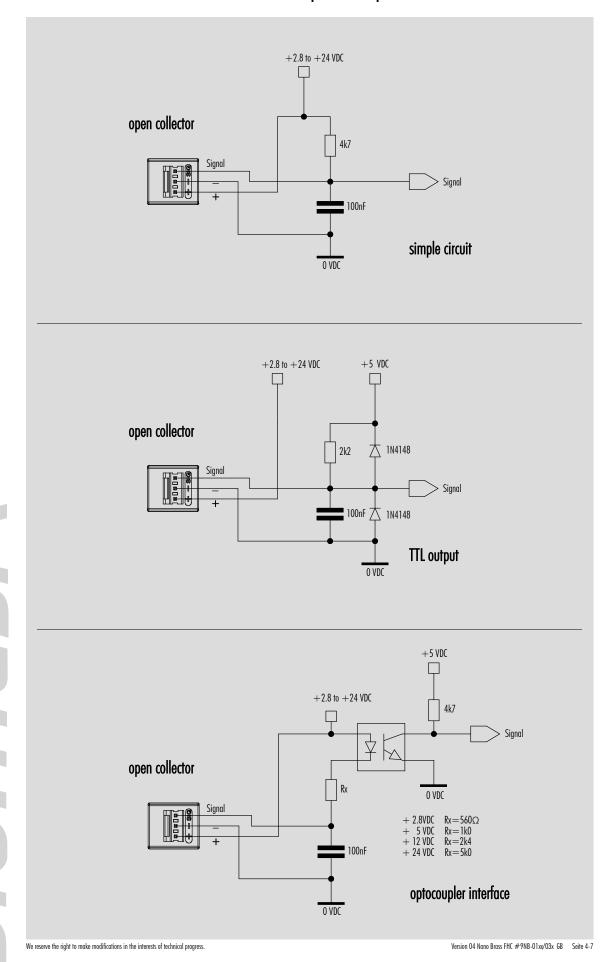
Installation instruction



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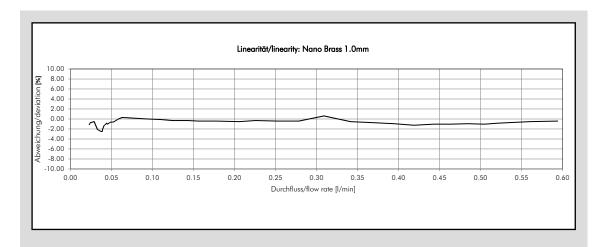
/ersion O4 Nano Brass FHC #9NB-01xx/O3x GB Seite 3-7

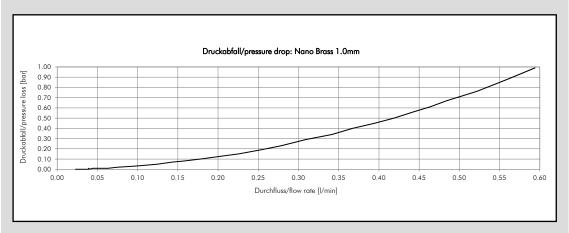
Interface Connection: Examples Open collector



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Measurement Curve nano brass Ø1.0mm





Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

#9NB-0100/03 with pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.0 mm	2'494	0.40	0.035	0.40	~1.4/17

#9NB-0100/03A without pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.0 mm	39'900	0.025	0.035	0.40	~23/270

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

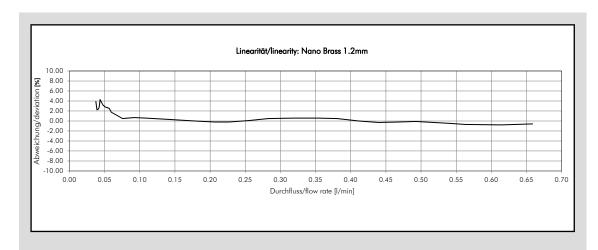
MEASUREMENT

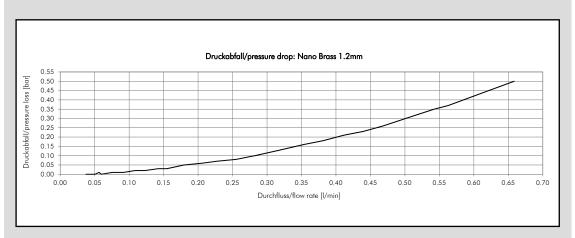
- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

Version O4 Nano Brass FHC #9NB-01xx/O3x GB Seite 5-7

Measurement Curve nano brass Ø1.2mm





Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

#9NB-0120/03 with pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.2 mm	1′944	0.51	0.05	0.50	~1.6/17

#9NB-0120/03A without pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.2 mm	31′100	0.032	0.05	0.50	~26/270

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

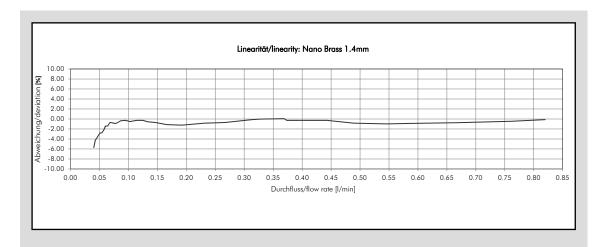
MEASUREMENT TIPS

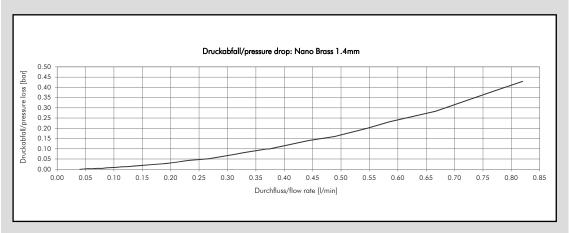
- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

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Measurement Curve nano brass Ø1.4mm





Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

#9NB-0140/03 with pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.4 mm	1′440	0.69	0.06	0.70	~1.6/17

#9NB-0140/03A without pulse divider

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.4 mm	23'040	0.043	0.06	0.70	~26/270

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

MEASUREMENT TIPS

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

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